MySense: together we measure

our focus: environmental pollution in an agricultural region

how we do it how we show it lessons we learned



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MySense air quality sensing project Open and free: it's not a free beer

· goal:

- know what is locally happening
- develop and measure together with citizens, with farmers and scientists
- focus on agricultural environments, e.g. bio-industry

· how:

- sense pollutants, develop sensor kits, show results and technology
 - info: http://behouddeparel.nl/samen-meten
 - technology: shttp://github.com/teusH/MySense
- where in Nld: east N-Brabant, south Gelderland and N-Limburg
- MySense kits ca 25 operational, see http://behouddeparel.nl/meetkits
- presentations, statistical overviews, Open data

together we measure pollutants (mainly dust particles) local air quality, local differences

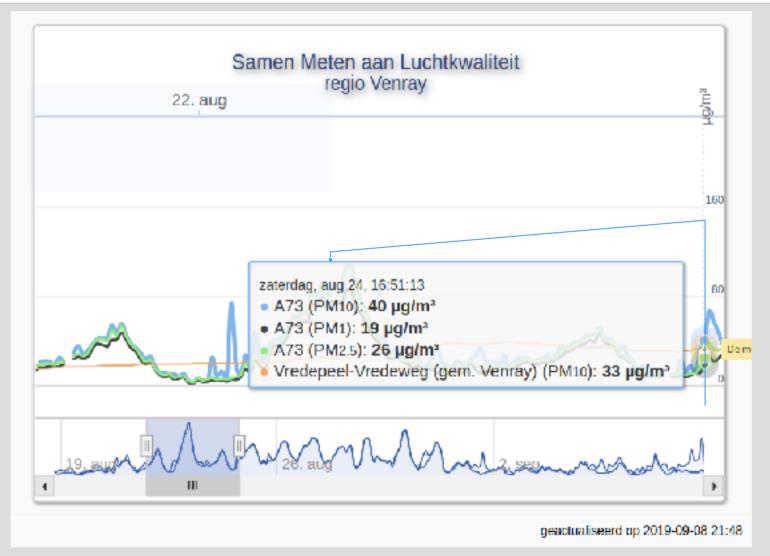
local on-line measurements since 2017

- gives insight in very local air quality, e.g. near farms
- focus on pollutant emissions e.g. bio industry and farms
- together with a farmer and animal welfare to optimize the problem triangle: dust emissions, animal welfare, and production economics
- today: Yes We Can
 IoT, affordable sensors, controllers and 3D printing

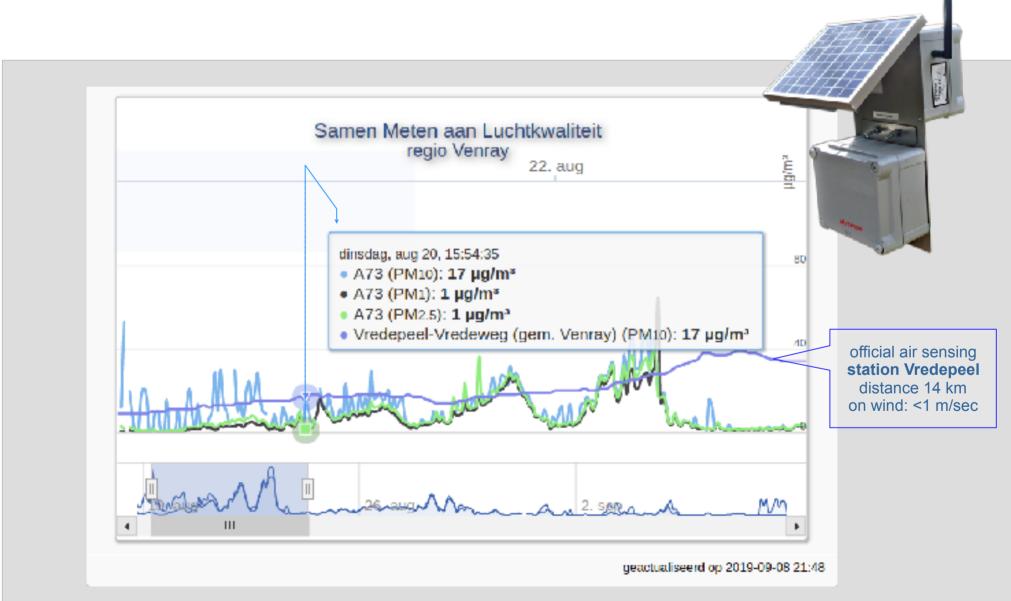




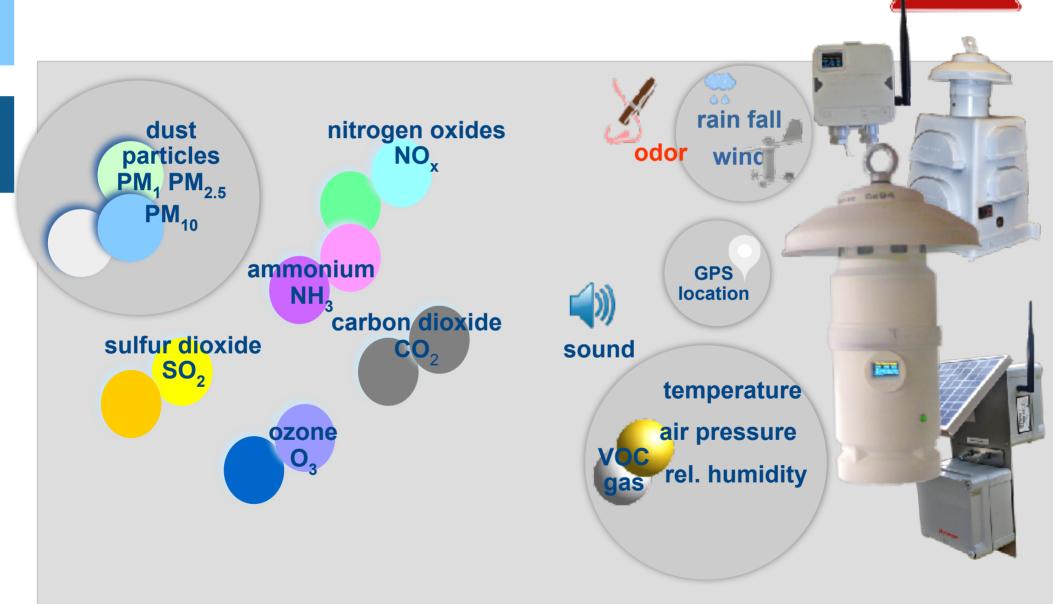
MySense sensing PM₁, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀ inside (canteen, packing department) of an open chicken farm



MySense sensing PM_1 , $PM_{2.5}$, and PM_{10} measure around an open chicken farm at 4 locations



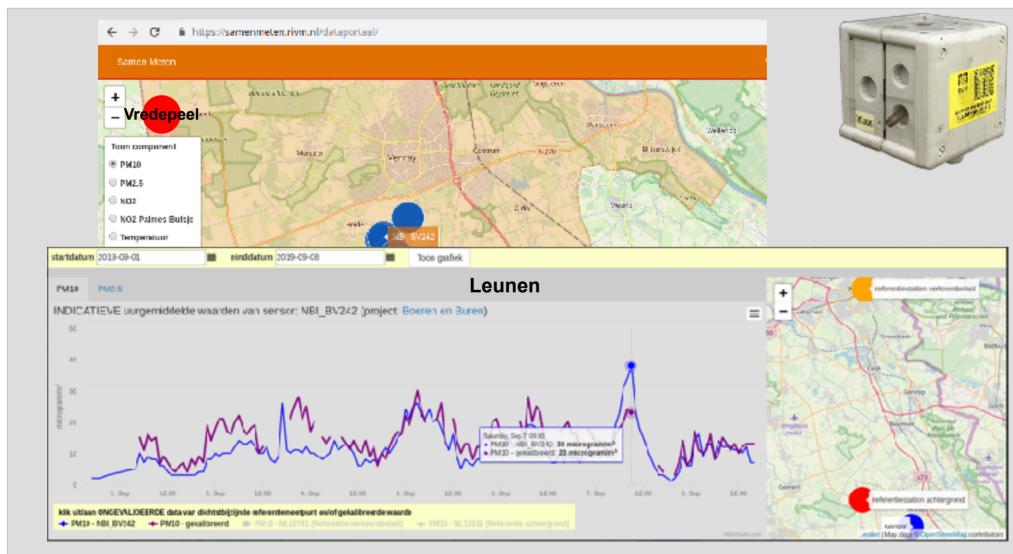
http://BehoudDeParel.nl/MySense what is MySense about?



en Buren' project (Venray)

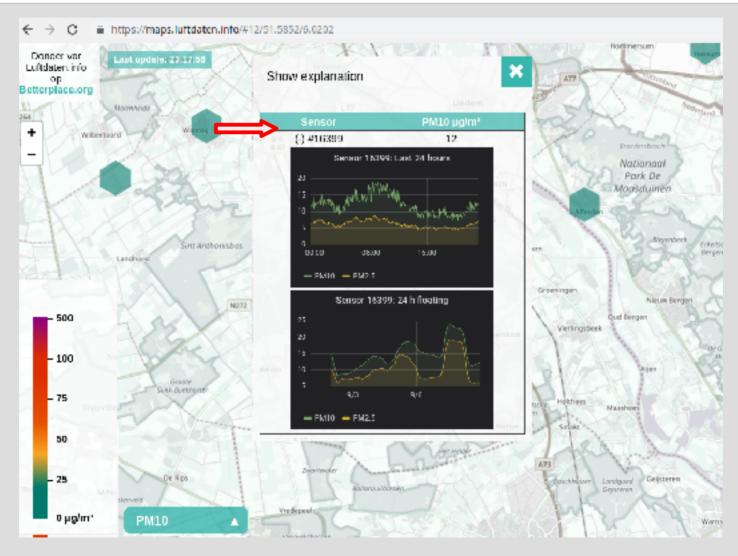


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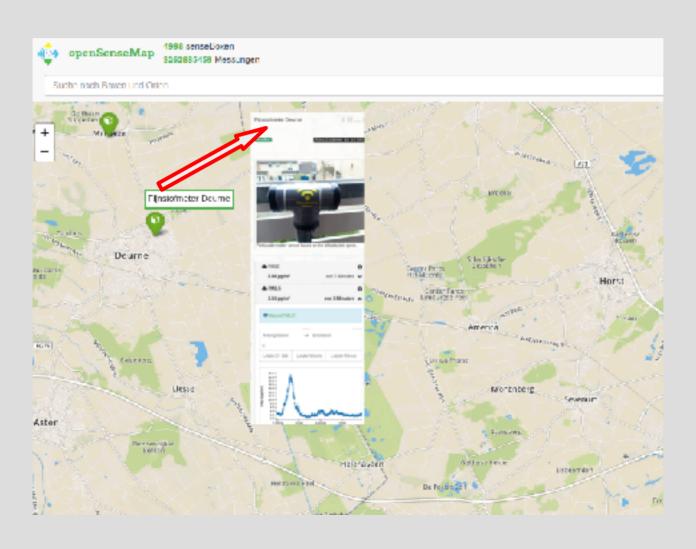
Luftdaten.info project (Stuttgart)

Open Data Germany: https://www.luftdaten.info/#12/51.5852/6.0202



OpenSense project (uni van Munster)

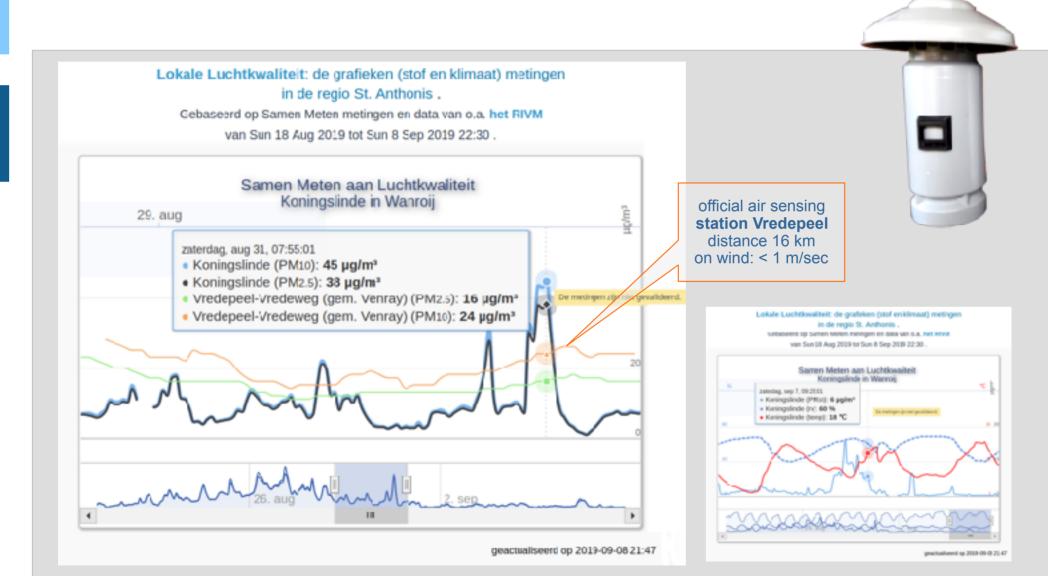
Open Sense map Dld: https://www.opensensemap.org/explore/5c3915a74c2f300199ebbfa



Stichting Burgerwetenschappers Land van Cuijk

started a MySense project with 11 kits (end of Feb 2020: 30 kits)

region: St Anthonis (Boxmeer)



Smart Village: the farmers wisdom MySense technology base

- hardware: modular, device connections with wires, plug & play
- · programs/scripts Open Source, modular, scalable
- software and documentation freely available
 - https://github.com and http://behouddeparel.nl/samen-meten
- (website and statistical) tooling:
 - standard, free for none commercial use
- · data:
 - standard exchange format
 - standard storage in a standard open database
- communication: Internet of Things (IoT) wireless
 - WiFi (too fragile, too expensive)
 - LoRa (the Things Network)

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Smart Village: wisdom on the countru site MySense technology base Open Source is not a free beer

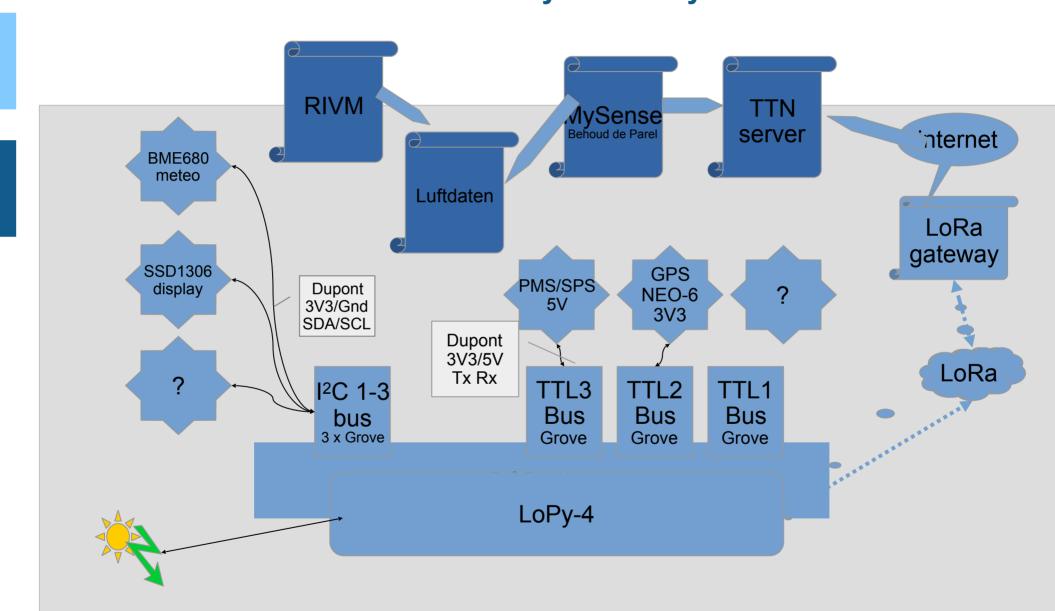
- hardware: I2C-bus, serial TTL, LoRa and ESP8266 (PyCom LoPy-4)
- embedded as less as possible, use plug & play
- Open Source (Micro) Python software, modular
- all software and documentation freely available via github
- PyCom LoPy, Adafruit libraries and Atom/PyMakr with microPython
- website tooling: Drupal CMS, php, java script, RRD graph images, interactive HighCharts
- data: MySQL, Mosquitto, InfluxDB, JSON, HTML/XML, statistical packages (Python), NextCloud
- communication: internet/security, WAN/wifi, IoT/LoRa

hardware shopping list (as of April 2019, priority ordered lists)

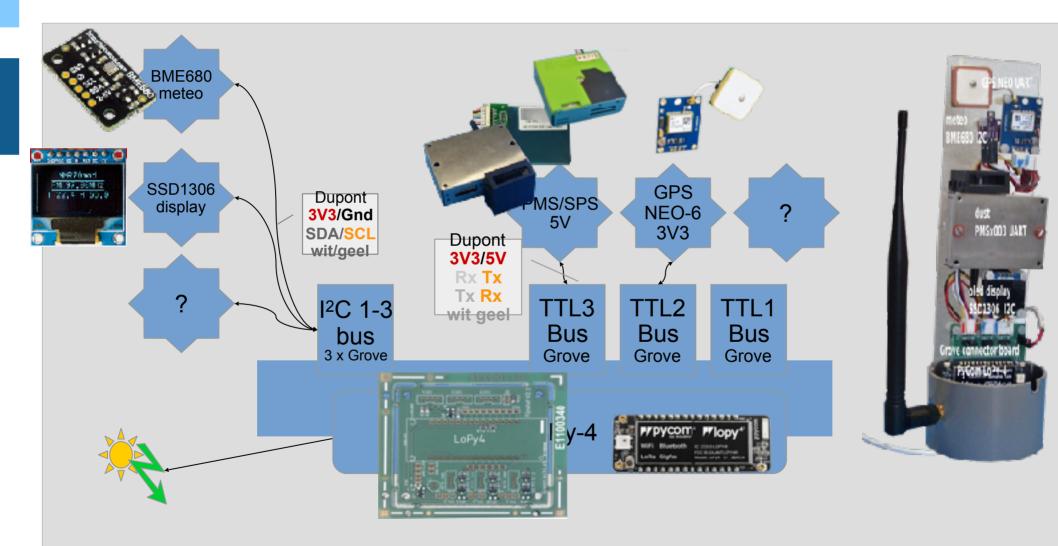
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- On-line shops:
 - AliExpress, Banggood (less as €25 per order)
 - Antratek, Kiwi Electronics, TinyElectronics, Ideetronics, and others
- LoRa measurement kit components (break out) (kits total ca € 125-250):
 - dust: **PMSx003** > Sensirion > PMS7003 > SDS011, UART
 - meteo: **BME680** > BME280 > SHT31, I2C!
 - GPS: **Neo-6**, UART
 - display: **SSD1306** (yellow/blue, 128X64), I2C!
 - PyCom **LoPy-4** + pigtail + 868 MHz antenna
 - connecting board Fontys **PCB V2.1** or **PCB St BWLvC** + 12 pins, 2 chip sockets, 6 Grove connectors
 - 4 4-wired **Grove-Dupont cables**, heat shrink tubing, (micro USB socket breakout), M4/M3 nylon bolts
 - **V5 DC adapter** + 2.5m adapter cable (micro USB)
 - air roof outlet sewer pipe PVC 80mm + 70mm rain pipe
 - white paint and plastic primer, pvc en 2-component glue, small piece of plexiglas
 - mosquitto net, 60 mm non static plastic tube for air inlet
- LoRa gateway: eg RAK7258 micro gateway (has RAK833, OpenWRT) indoor (ca €140 + € 20 import tax)

hardware architecture based on PyCom LoPy-4



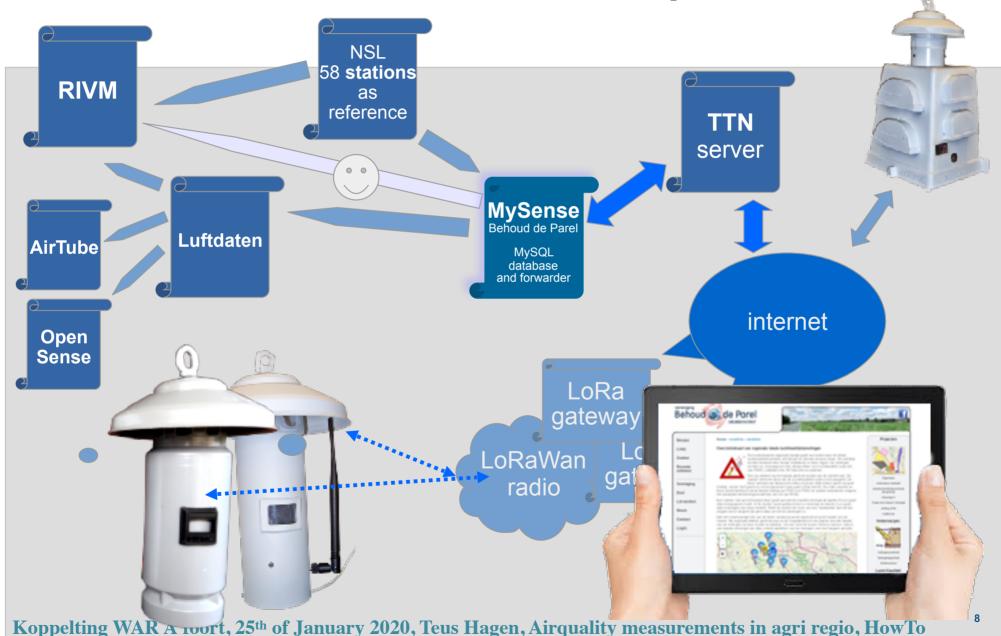
hardware components



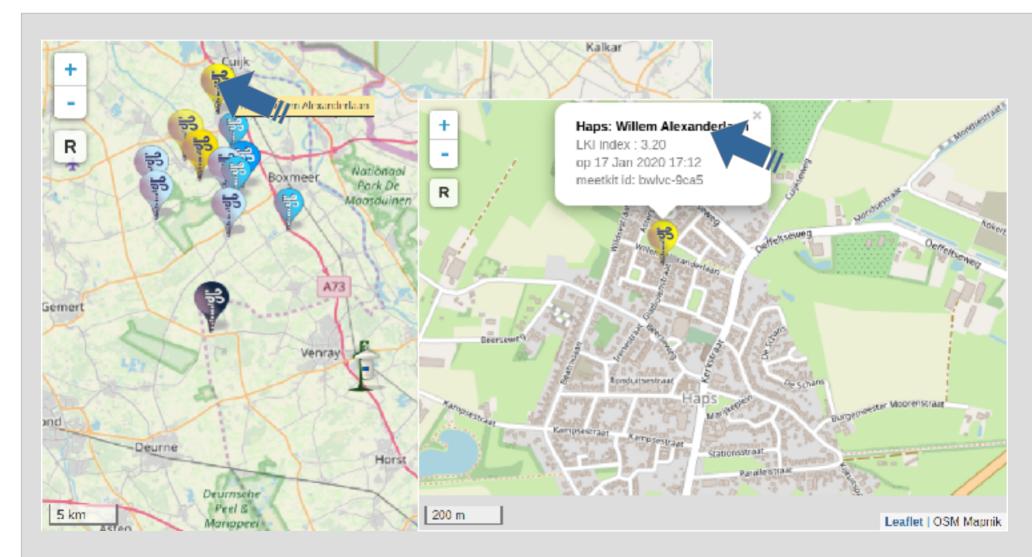
sockets and connections sensors via PCB

- color scheme connectores, use Grove/Adafruit standard:
 red, black, white (dev Tx/SDA), and yellow (dev Rx/SCL)
- type UART/TTL: red 5V of 3V3, black Gnd
 yellow device Tx controller Rx, white device Rx controller Tx
- type I2C: red 3V3, black Gnd
 yellow clock SCL, white data SDA
- UART/TTL pins (Tx,Rx,optional Pwr):
 (P1,P0,[P18]),(P4,P3,[P19])(P11,P10,[P20]) (check this); None: no pwr management
- · I2C pins: (SDA P23,SCL P22,[P21]) parallel connected
- older Fontys PCB V1 is not supporting power management
- Fontys V2.1 and BWLvC PCB can (de)**power** sensors, (solar) accu voltage check
- deepsleep function (solar/accu management support)

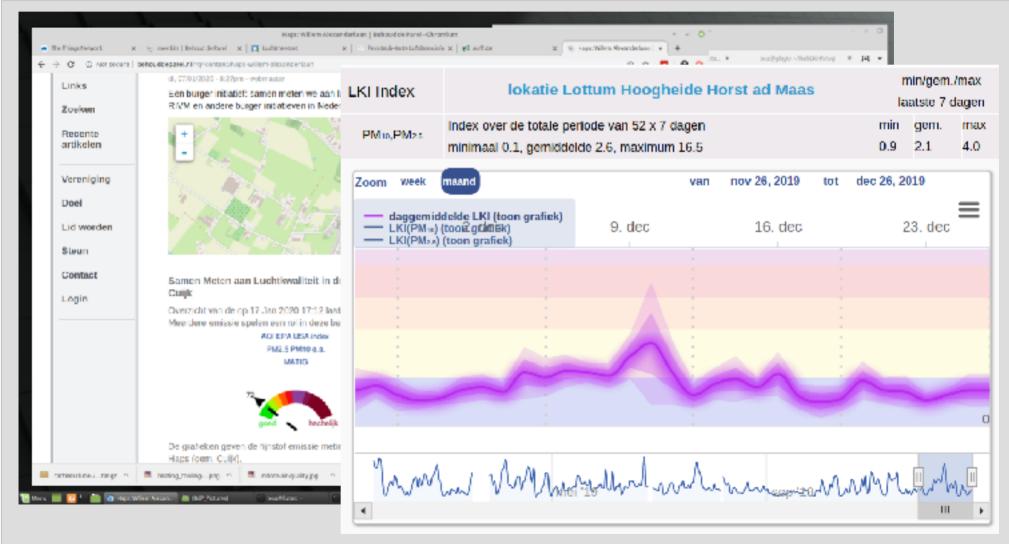
data from sensor kit via LoRaWan (TTN) to data archive and to the data portals



visualisation of measurements e.g. try http://BehoudDeParel.nl/meetkits



dust (PM₁, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀), meteo sensor local measurement details of the sensor kit

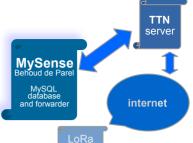


the data visualisation How-We-Do-It



- Drupal CMS running on Linux PC (Mint)
 - Leaflet Open Street map (marker style: LKI air quality index)
 - HighCharts graphs (for now raw data) and air quality index LKI and AQI
 - administrative sensor kit meta data Drupal forms
- scripts (Bash shell, Perl, Python, PHP, and JavaScript)
 - every 24 hours check of data integrity
 - every hour collect and check measurements from governmental stations (RIVM, PLIM)
 - generate graphs for Drupal CMS using HighCharts and RRDtool data logging & graphs every hour from MySQL archive (mirrored on 2nd PC for backup)
 - removal of outliers in measurements (Chi square, sliding window 4 hours)
 - coming up: local calibration of measurements with rel. humidity and temperature (RIVM, initiatives Berghaven en MySense)
 - Open Source licensed: GPL V3, copyright: ver. Behoud de Parel and Teus Hagen

the measurements data collect layer





MySense framework (Python): the (json) data handler input channels (collector):

- TTN MQTT server (LoRaWan) data package handler
- Mosquitto, InfluxDB, raw backup measurement data, etc.
- various sensors (RaspBerry Pi, mainly via USB/TTL)
- output channels (forwarder):
 - archiving: MySQL database, console, monitoring, CMS visualisation
 - data forwarding:
 - Mosquitto, InfluxDB, CSV, (S)HTTP, MySense data handler, etc. data portals: Luftdaten (RIVM, AirTube, OpenSense)
 - sensor kit events: per group of sensors, per sensor, per type of event
 via email or Slack notices

MySense data handling functions





- data: internal dataformat JSON
 - meta data (optional & dynamic fields) e.g.
 - GPS home location, sensor types and measurement unit, devices, version, ...
 - (measurement) data (optional & dynamic fields) e.g. time stamp, sensor id, sensor measurement(s), gps location change, rssi signal strength, accu voltage, ...
- events: low accu, (re)start reason
- remote control: configuration changes (via LoRaWan)
 e.g. sample & interval timing, devices/WiFi/controller on/off, ...

MySense: what and how-to (lantern type)

measure: the kit and the sensors

see: shttp://qithub.com/teusH/MySense/tree/master/PyCom

- meta data e.g.:
 GPS location and time (Neo-6), type sensors
 device calibration (Taylor factors): solve difference per sensor
- meteo (I2C-bus): Sensirion (SHT31), Bosch (BME280/680)
 temperature, rel. humidity, air pressure, (VOC gas)
- dust (TTL): Nova (SDS011), Plantower (PMS7003/PMSx003), Sensirion (SPS30)
 particle weights/volume PM₁ (not Nova), PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀
 counts of particles/volume in 6 PM_{0.3-10} bins, average size (not Nova)
- indicative VOC gasses (in studie): Bosch (BME680)
- gas: NO₂, NH₃, O₃, CO₂, etc. for now not feasible
- visualisation: tiny oled display (I2C-bus) and RGB led
- energy: 5V DC adapter or solar/accu under control of the ESP8266

MySense: about the controller



- PyCom LoRa ESP8266 based LoPy-4
 - micro Python advantages:
 - functionality, reliability, reuse, open source, multi-threading, support devices, availability, state of the art, development ease, dynamic library support, debugging on workstation, share code with RaspPi
 - network devices: WiFi, LoRaWan support (OTAA and/or ABP), mesh networking, and future IoT networking e.g. LTE-M
- Processor Connector Board (PCB):
 - advantage: less soldiering, ease to change from device/sensor,
 powering on/off sensors

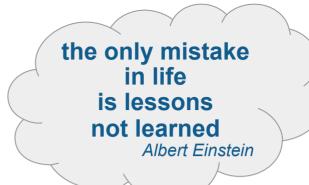
MySense Python 'firmware'

shttp://github.com/teusH/MySense/tree/masterPyCom



- multi threading, e.g. oled display
- remote control via WiFi and LoRaWan
- software watch dog
- · energy savings, use of deep sleep in case of solar/accu
- auto configuration on I2C-bus and TTL (device library, baud rate and connector socket detection)
- ease of configuration

lessons learned (1)



- WiFi beacon can cause drops below 3V3
 e.g. disrupting dust sensor measurements
- no 5V chargers or long adapter wiring, power -/+ swap will happen user may need the V230 socket for vacuum cleaner
- PyCom is young and will change firmware (Python libs)
- ESP: deep sleep might cause infinite sleep
- always be sure LoRa antenna is connected
- Bosch (and Sensirion?) sensor needs to dry
- Plantower and Sensirion
 - show different PM_{2.5} values
 - bin counts bounds differ (Plantower uses 'from', Sensirion up to)
 - Plantower: do not use first 3 PM values

lessons learned (2)

the only mistake in life is lessons not learned

- ✓ TTN server will not always be on-line
- as well your TTN data collector service will die
- mirror data and be able to replay data storage
- use version control
- WiFi may disrupt data e.g. on upload firmware
- be warned for direct sunshine
- ✓ LoRa: 10% of your datagrams are lost
- LoRaWan (TTN) coverage may be disrupted
 sometimes your lucky once in an hour a data gram (<30 km)
- make sure the dust sensor cleans itself and has full 5V5 power
- sun power (solar panels) in winter time is much different from specifications
- ✓ you need an event support system

lessons learned (3) our and your mileage may vary hardware (ca € 100 - € 150)

the only mistake in life is lessons not learned

dust sensors we tried and use (points*), € 15 - € 45:

Shiney PPD45 (2), NoVa SDS011 (6), Plantower PMS[A|5|7]003 (7), PMSx003 (8), Sensirion SPS30 (8?)

meteo sensors we tried and use (points*), € 5 - € 20:

DHT11/22 (2), Sensirion SHT31 (8), Bosch BME280 (7), BME680 (8-)

controllers we tried and use (points*):

arduino (C/C++) (4), RaspBerry Pi (Python,Linux!, WiFi, USB, € 35) (8), **LoPy-4** (micro Python,LoRa, € 40) (9), for visual feedback: **oled display** (€ 5) and **color led** (€ 1)

housing we tried and use (points*): +3D printed parts

V230 boxes (5), PVC pipes (5), double sided PVC exhaustion pipes (€ 7.50) (8)

processor connector boards (PCB, ca € 15.-):

device connection, device power switch (mosfet), minimal 3 TTL (dust, gps), minimal 3 I2C (meteo, display), Grove sockets, pins (accu voltage, program modus, sleep modus, reset)

lessons learned (4) our and your mileage may vary configuration via OTA, software & hardware

the only mistake in life is lessons not learned

(OTA LoRaWan) configuration:

- √ timings: samples, interval measurement,
- ✓ intervals: measurements, meta info, GPS distance/updates
- ✓ power off/on devices: display, RGB led, sensors, WiFi
- ✓ hardware sleep on/off
- √ calibration: Tailor factors, off/on, VOC base
- √ sensors on/off, dust bin style
- ✓ watch dogs: accu voltage & progress (location via LoRa OTA)

Processor Connector Board (PCB) pin configuration:

- √ accu (solar) voltage level
- ✓ run / (REPL) programming modus (Hall sensor)
- √ deep sleep on/off (strap)
- √ V5 or 3.3V power to devices (strap)

statistics: calibration

much to thank RIVM (NSL stations) and Scapeler/Visibilis in Berghaven

ref: article aug 2019 in international journal Atmosphere 'Samen Meten'

ref: Visibilis report dec 2019 calibration/validation of PM sensors

using statistical/correlation/regression software

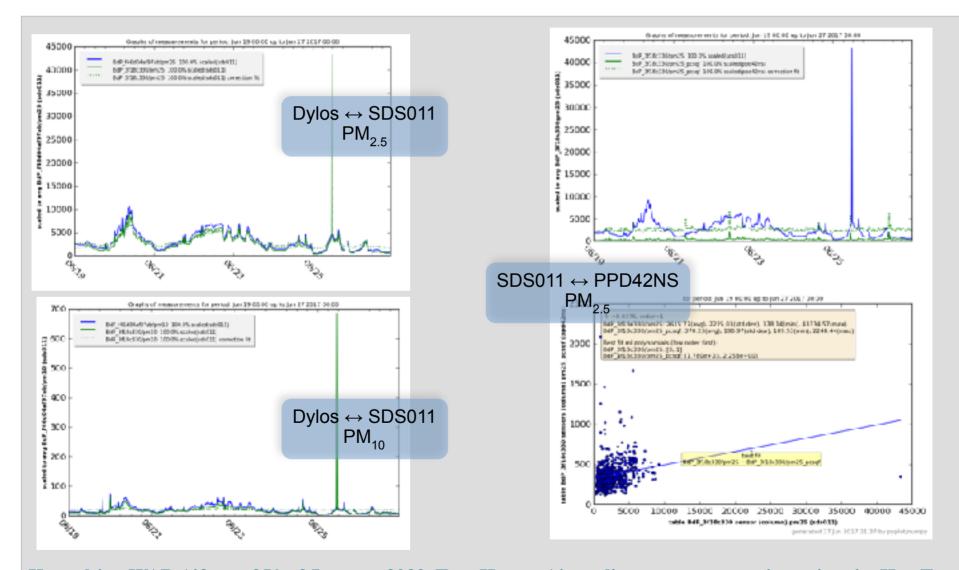
- public domain python software
- input: database measurement data
- correlation order N, statistics e.g. R² check, and much more ...



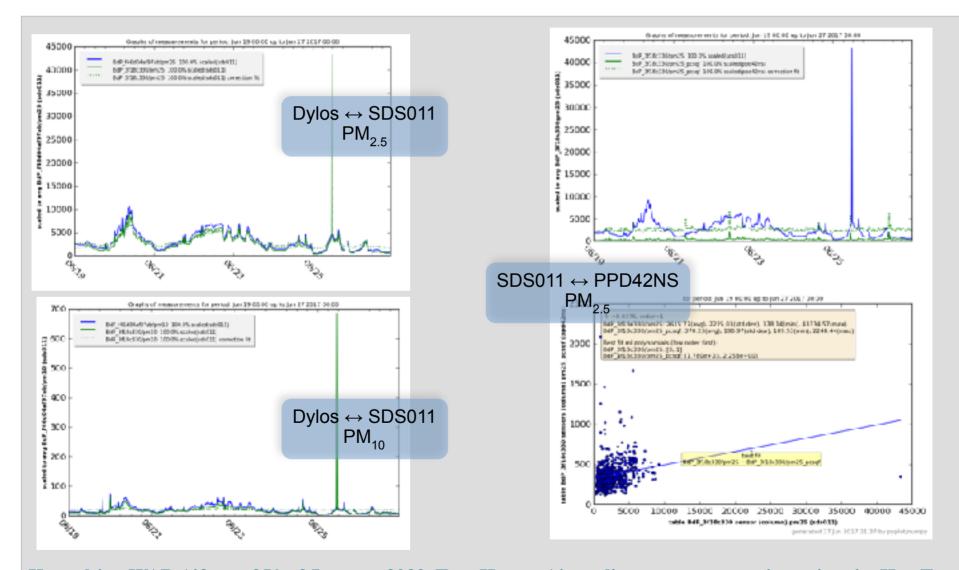
- Sensirion/Nova/Plantower is correlating 'fine' with ref BAM1020, but ... corrections from rel. humidity, temp, wind, ... for local situation
- meteo sensors differ among each other ~2 °C, RH ~10% !!!
- dust sensor PPD42NS is a dump (e.g. too many PM₁₀ "null readings")
- one need particle count values from dust sensors!, e.g. Plantower and Sensirion



some correlation results7 days of PM measurements raw data, 1 minute samples June 2017 Dylos DC1100 Pro, Nova SDS011, Shiney PPD42NS



some correlation results7 days of PM measurements raw data, 1 minute samples June 2017 Dylos DC1100 Pro, Nova SDS011, Shiney PPD42NS

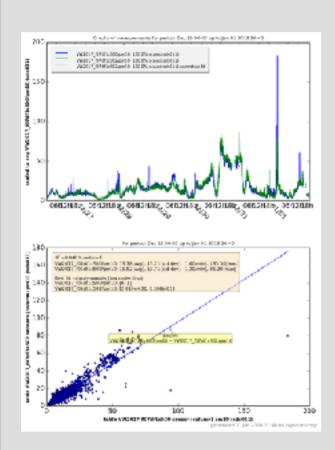


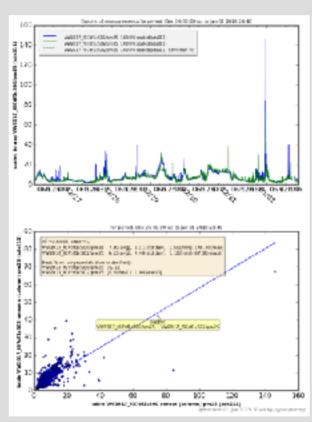


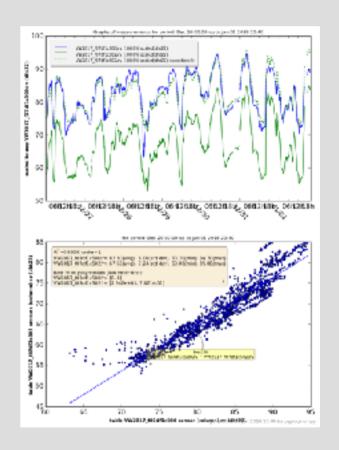
RIVM firework project 2017

correlation of 2 kits (side by side): PM10 (SDS011) PM2.5 (SDS011)

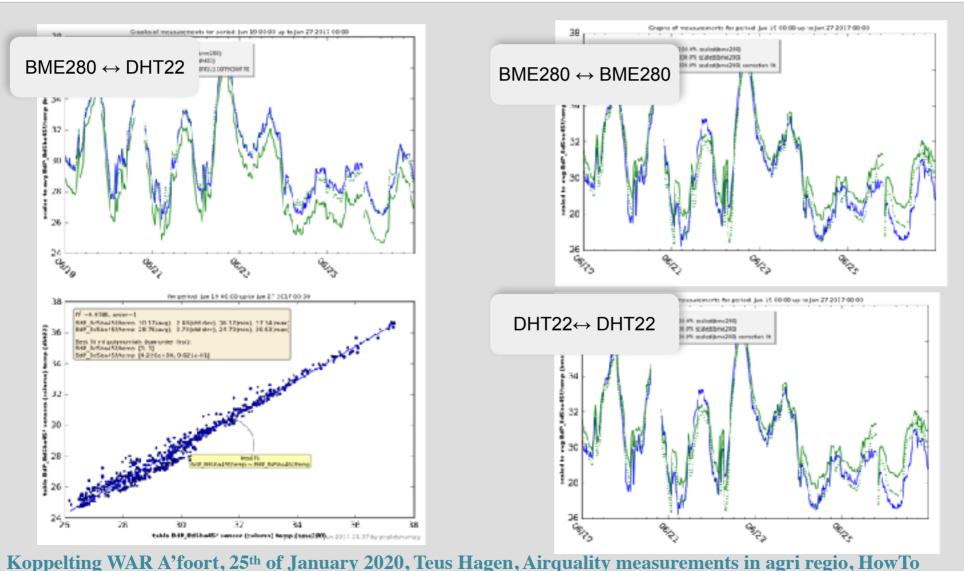
rel. humidity (DHT22)



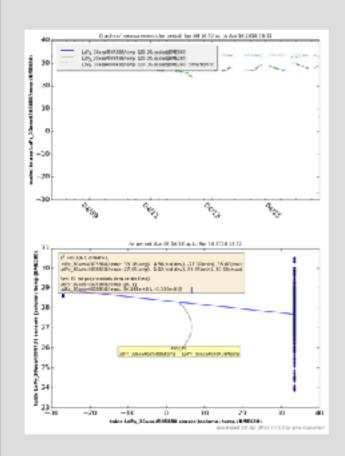


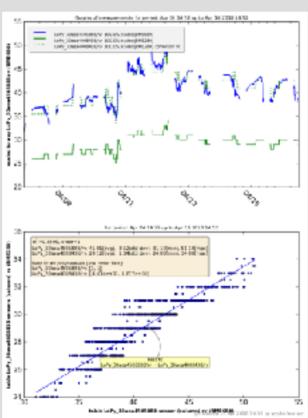


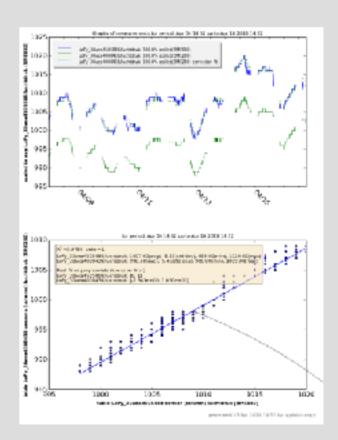
correlation results: 7 dagen measuring temperature raw data, 1 minute samples, June 2017 BME280 and DHT22



April 2018 BME680 en BME280 temperature rel. humidity air pressure

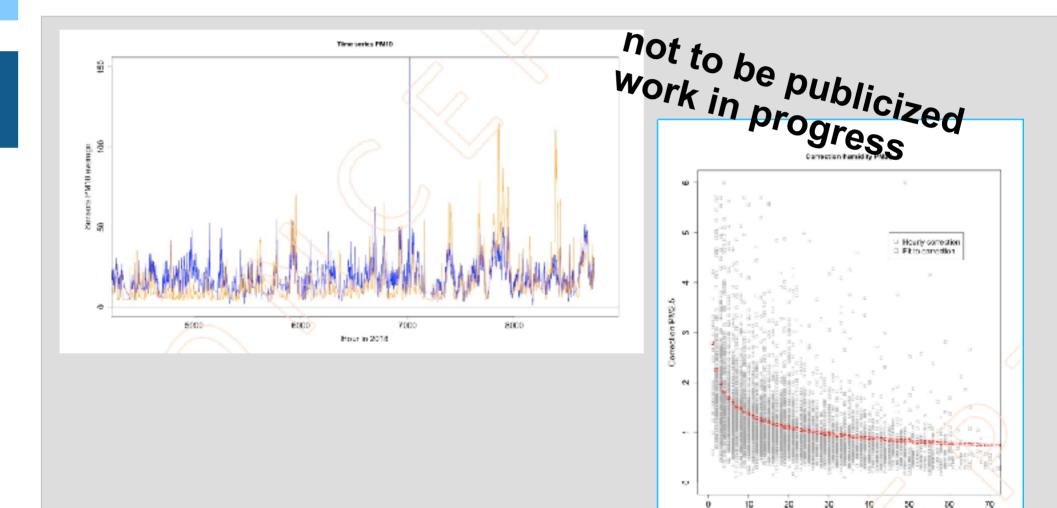






calibration ref BAM1020 (Met One)?

2019-2020 data is studied (RIVM, two citizen science initiatives) (RIVM student Uni Leiden starts in Februar 2020 with calibration study)



calibration with ref BAM1020 (Met One)? 2019 figures just in study (RIVM and 2 citizen science initiatives)

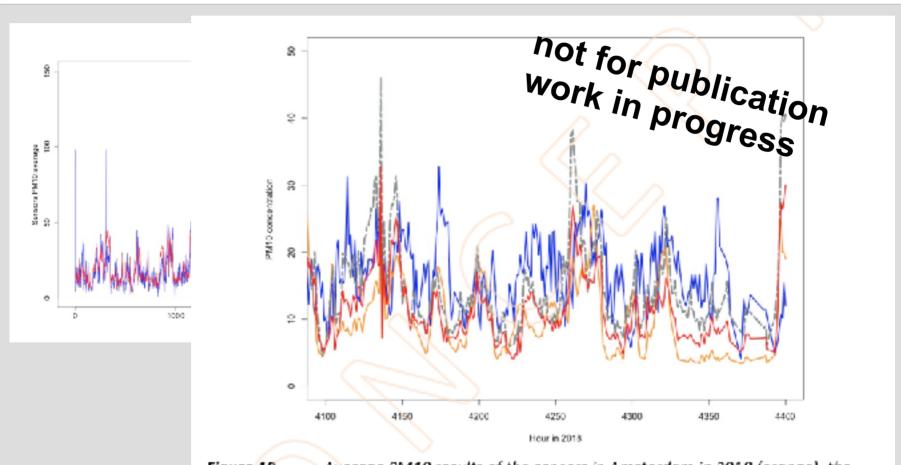


Figure 10 Average PM10 results of the sensors in Amsterdam in 2018 (orange), the results of reference measurements in Vondelpark (blue), corrected values using humidity only (red) and corrected values using randomforest (grey, dashed).

status MySense kits: in 2019 20, Jan 25, Feb 40, Dec 50 questions / comments

